



- •A distinguished scholar.
- •Former Vice Chancellor of Banaras Hindu University.
- •Second President of India.
- Professor of Eastern Religious and Ethics at the University of Oxford.

•Chairman, University Education Commission(1948-49).







#### Features of Indian education commission

- Recommended for university education
- Dr. S Radhakrsihnan was the chairman
- 10 members were in the team
- Commission report consist of 2 volume
- Ist volume contains recommendations
- II nd contains the data used for the study









# Aim of University education commission



"suggest improvements and extensions that to suit present and future requirements of the country".











## Method of study

- The commission members travel through-out India
- Distributed questionnaire to 600 persons in the field of education.
- It interviewed administrators, organizations of the students and educationists.











## **Structure of Education**

- Admission to the universities should be after the intermediate examinations after 11 years of school course
- First degree should be after 3 years of college education
- (11 schooling + 3 years university)











#### \*TEACHING STANDARDS

- The teacher should adapt new teaching methods
- Academic and financial position of university teachers must be improved
- Leave for higher education in India and Abroad
- Promotion should be based on merit











# Methods of Teaching

- Teaching method provides maximum **student interaction**
- Introduction of **tutorial system** in colleges to develop the citizenship qualities

(one to one interaction)









## **\***Examination Reforms

- Teacher must evaluate student continuously in classroom
- Objective type questions should be included in examination system
- Internal Assessment should be introduced
- Oral examination











## \*Religious and Moral Education

- Students should be aware of all religions in india so that they develop a spirit of tolerance and secularism.
- The curriculum must have it's base on Indian history and Indian Philosophy











## **❖** *Medium of Instruction*

- Learning, teaching and writing exams should be in one's mother tongue itself.
- The text books should be prepared in the respective mother-tongue itself.











#### **❖** *Introduction to UGC*

• University Grants Commission should be appointed to supervise the universities all over India and to allocate funds for its functioning













#### **\***Admission

- Scientific procedure for selection of students in all courses.
- Appointment of teachers should be based on quality and merit











# \*Teacher Education and Training

- Importance should be given to practice of teaching in schools
- While evaluating the work of students special attention should be given to their success in teaching works.
- Only suitable schools should be selected for practice of teaching









### **❖** *MORAL INSTRUCTION*



- At every stage of educational system, moral instructions should be imparted.
- Moral values of all religions should be given











### **\***EDUCATIONAL STANDARDS

• The educational standards among students, the age of admission of the students to the colleges should be increased.











## **\***ELIGIBLITY CRITERION FOR ADMISSION

• Only eligible students must be admitted to arts and science course in the colleges.











#### **\***STANDARD OF TEACHERS

- Well disciplined talented teachers should be employed in the educational institutions.
- Four categories of university teachers: Professors, Readers, Lectures, Instructors.
- Promotion should be based on merit









### \*Rural Universities



• Recommended for establishing rural universities surrounded by rural colleges to facilitate rural reconstruction with special reference to agriculture and industry.











# Students' Activities and Welfare

- All universities must have hospital and health service.
- Medical Check up every year
- Sanitary inspection
- Compulsory physical training
- NCC training











#### **❖** Women Education

• Commission suggested for providing the same facilities to the women colleges and universities as provided to men's colleges and universities.













#### Conclusion

• Radhakrishnan commission took into account the entire aspects of the university education in the country. It made recommendation helpful to harmonize the oriental and occidental cultures.







